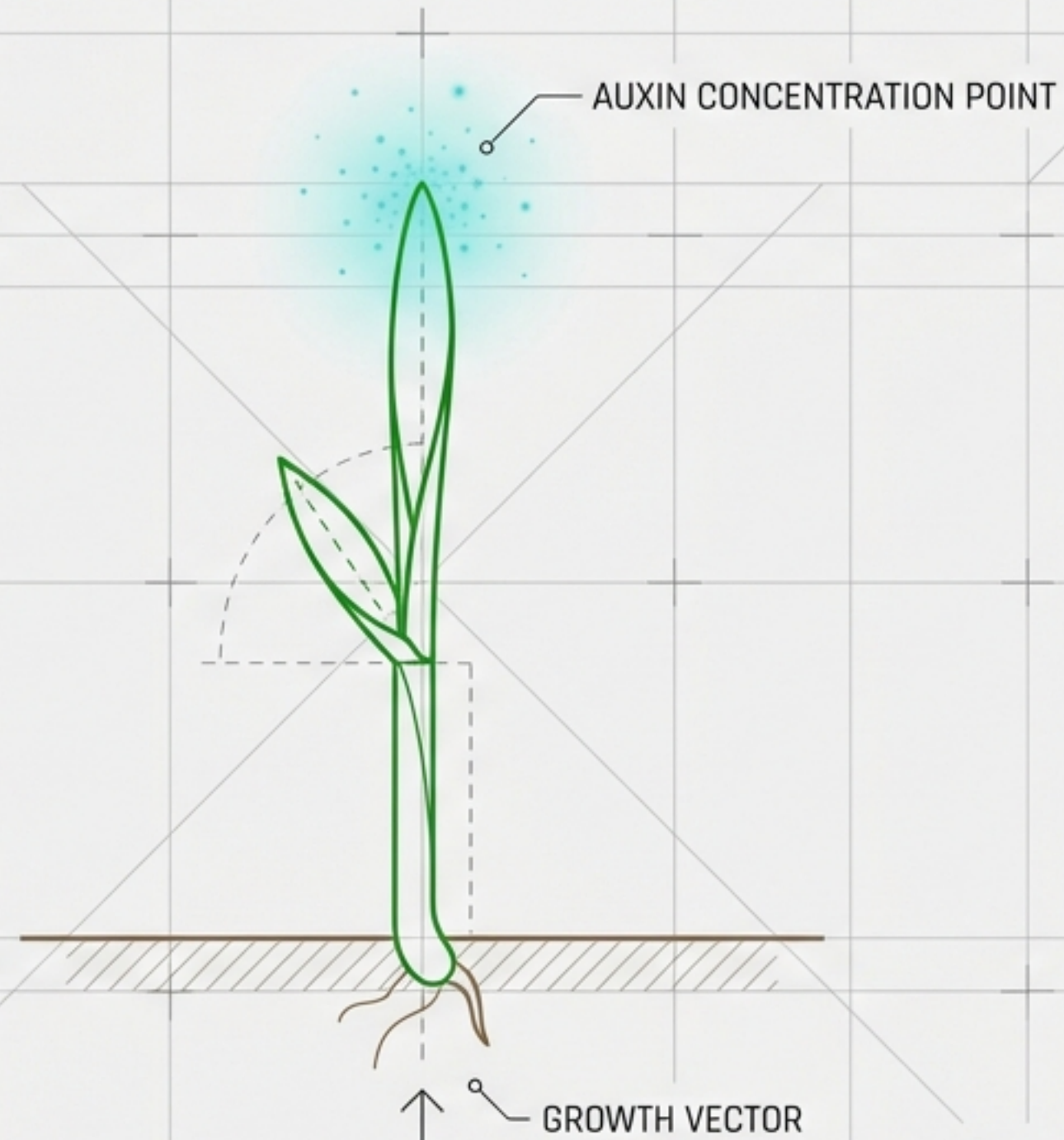


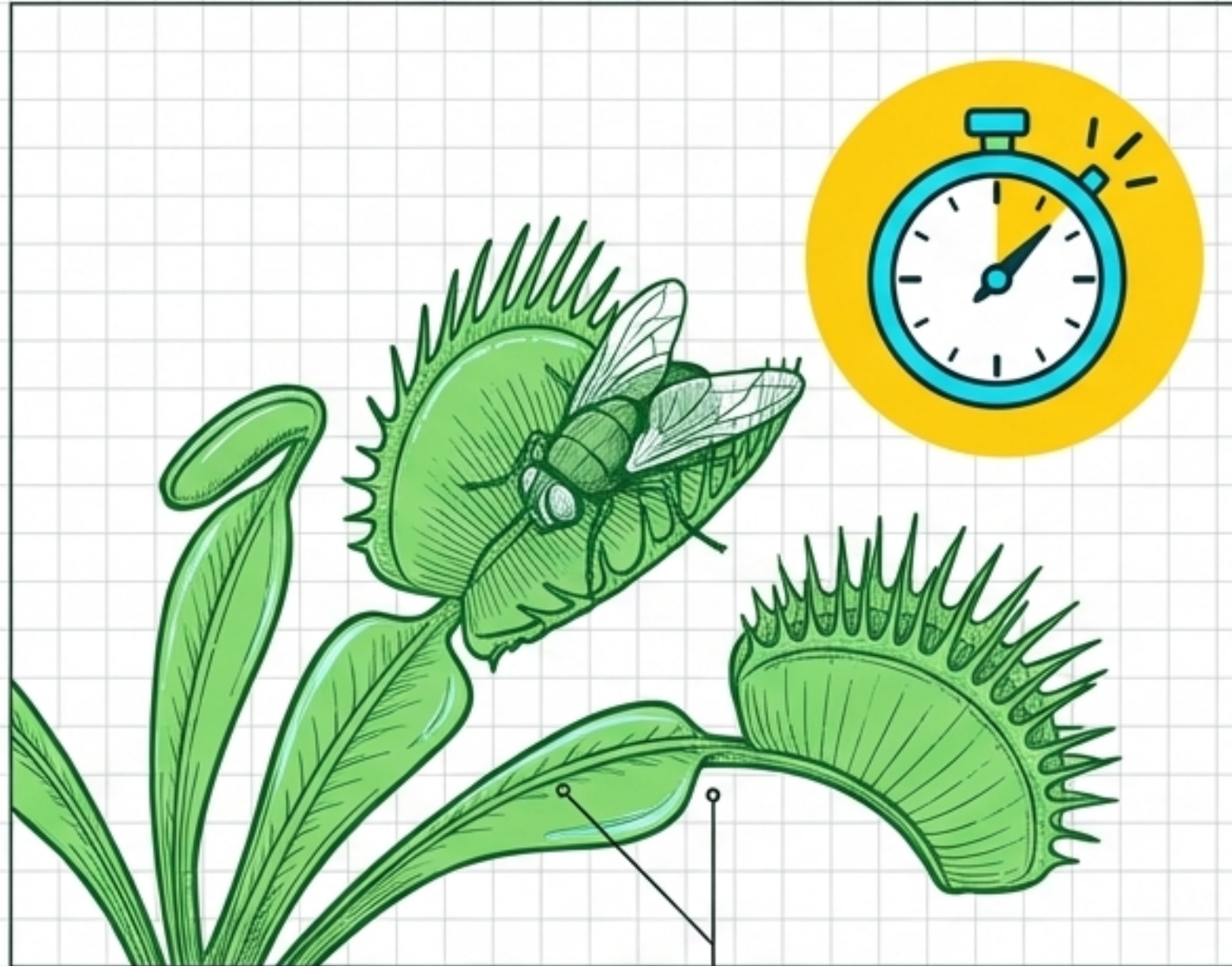
DECODING BOTANICAL MOVEMENT



SUBJECT: CHEMICAL COORDINATION IN PLANTS

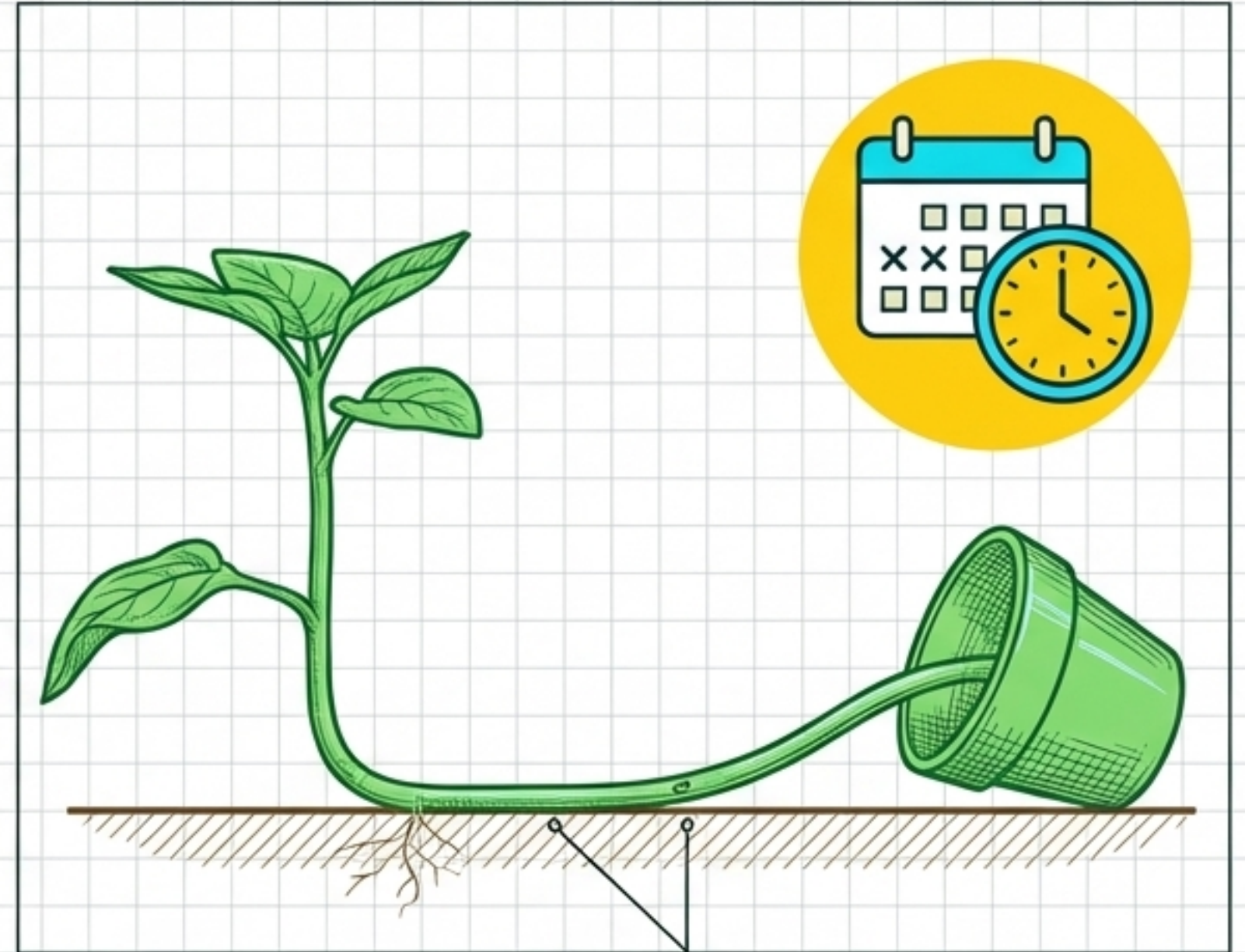
FOCUS: TROPISMS & AUXIN MECHANISMS

Two Speeds of Botanical Movement



Rapid Response
Fraction of a second.

Turgor pressure changes at the base of leaves.

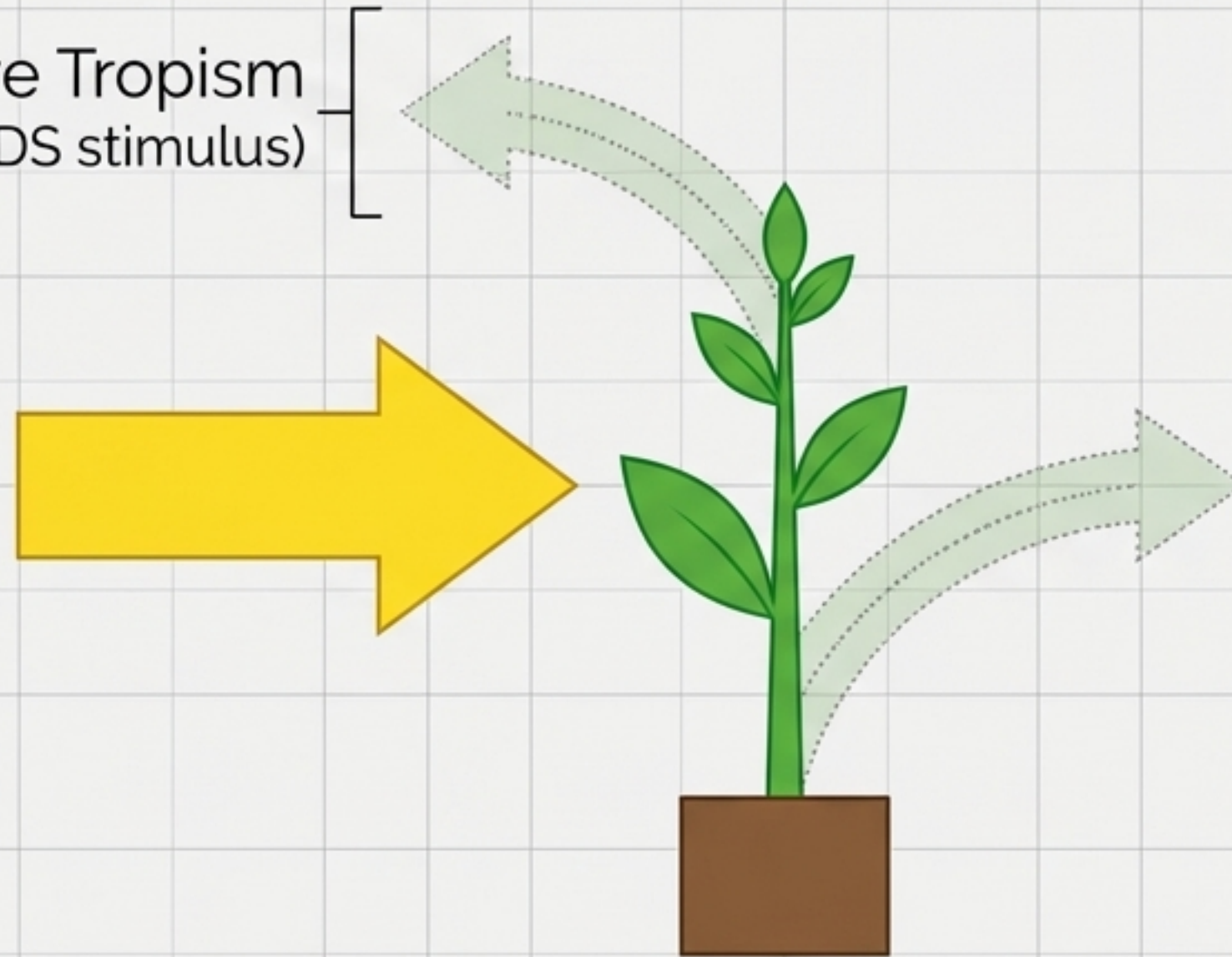


Slow Response
Hours to days.

Directional growth responses to stimuli.

Tropisms are Directional Growth Responses

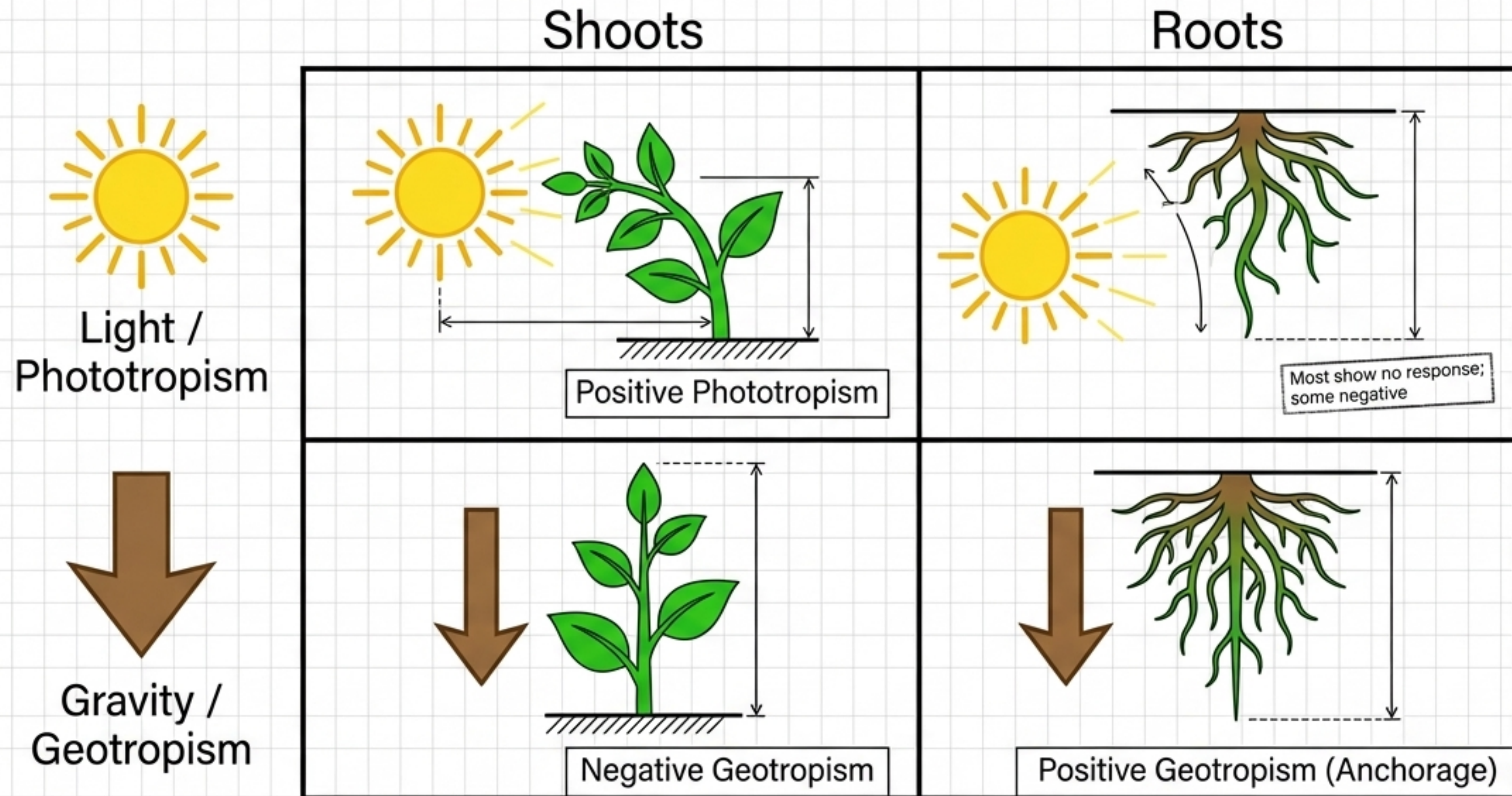
Positive Tropism
(Growth TOWARDS stimulus)



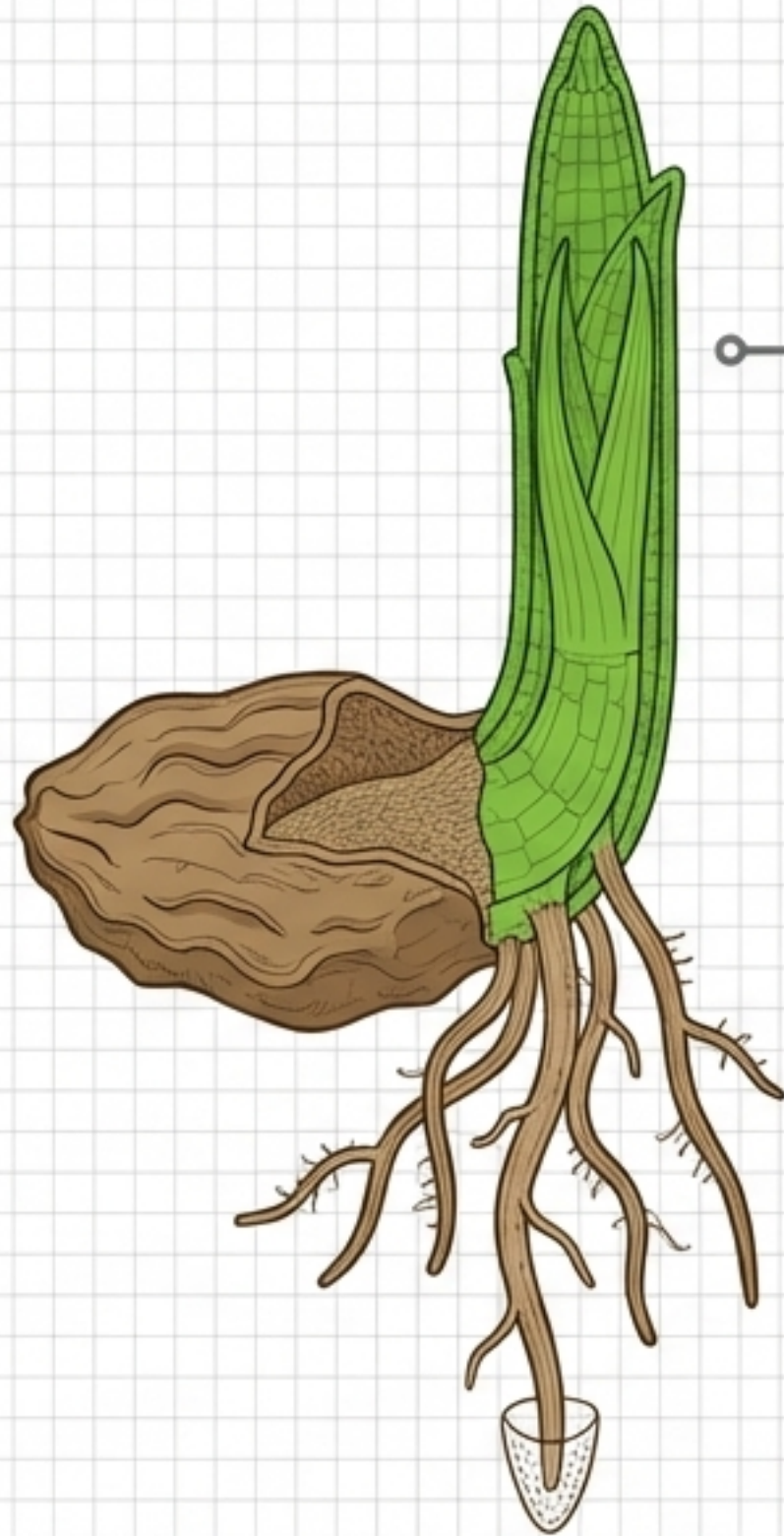
Negative Tropism
(Growth AWAY from stimulus)

Unlike rapid, non-directional reflexes, tropisms permanently alter the plant's structure based on environmental geometry.

The Tropism Matrix



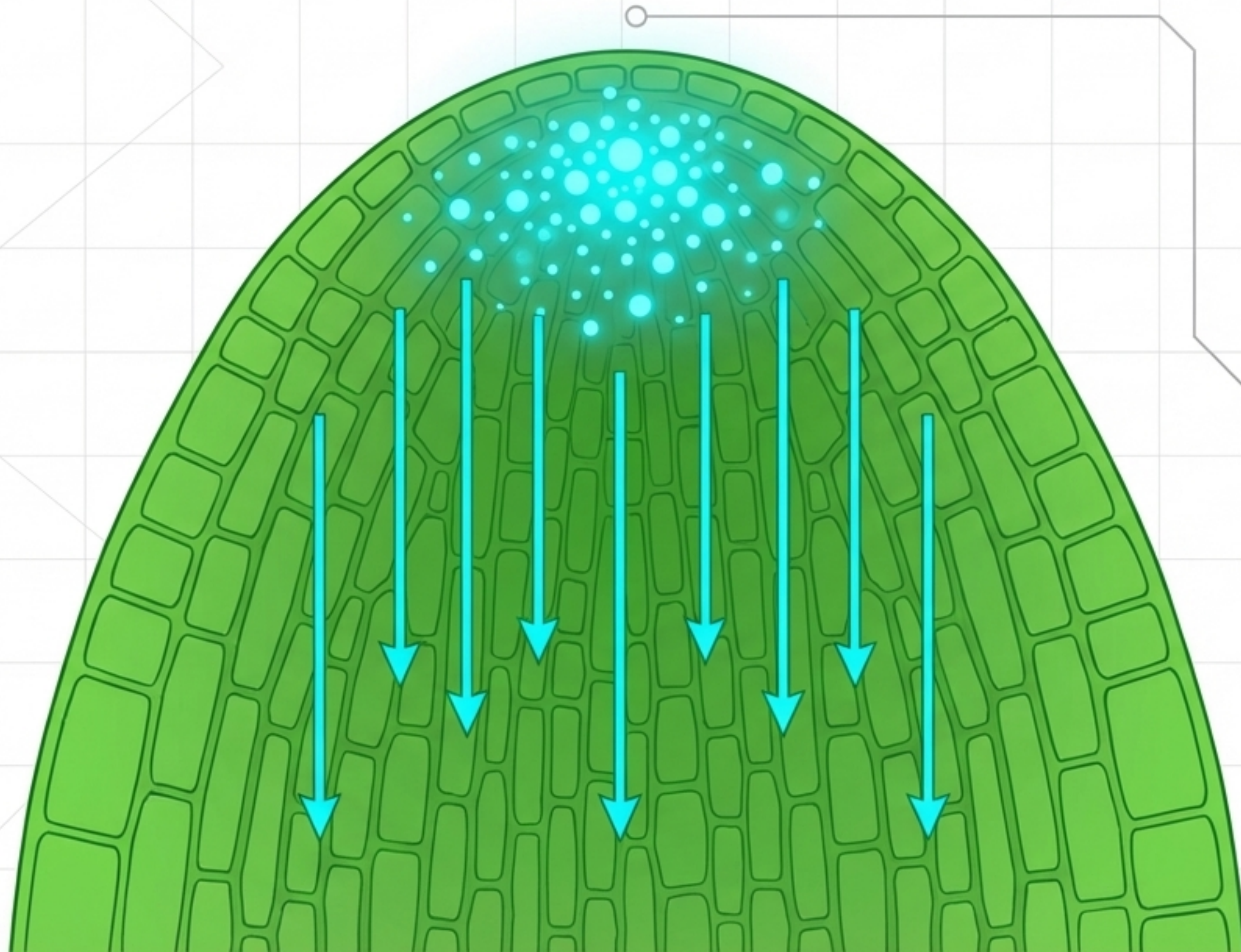
The Coleoptile: A Model for Discovery



Coleoptile

A protective sheath covering the first leaves of a cereal seedling. Because of its simple structure and rapid response, Charles Darwin and subsequent biologists used the coleoptile to isolate the mechanics of plant movement.

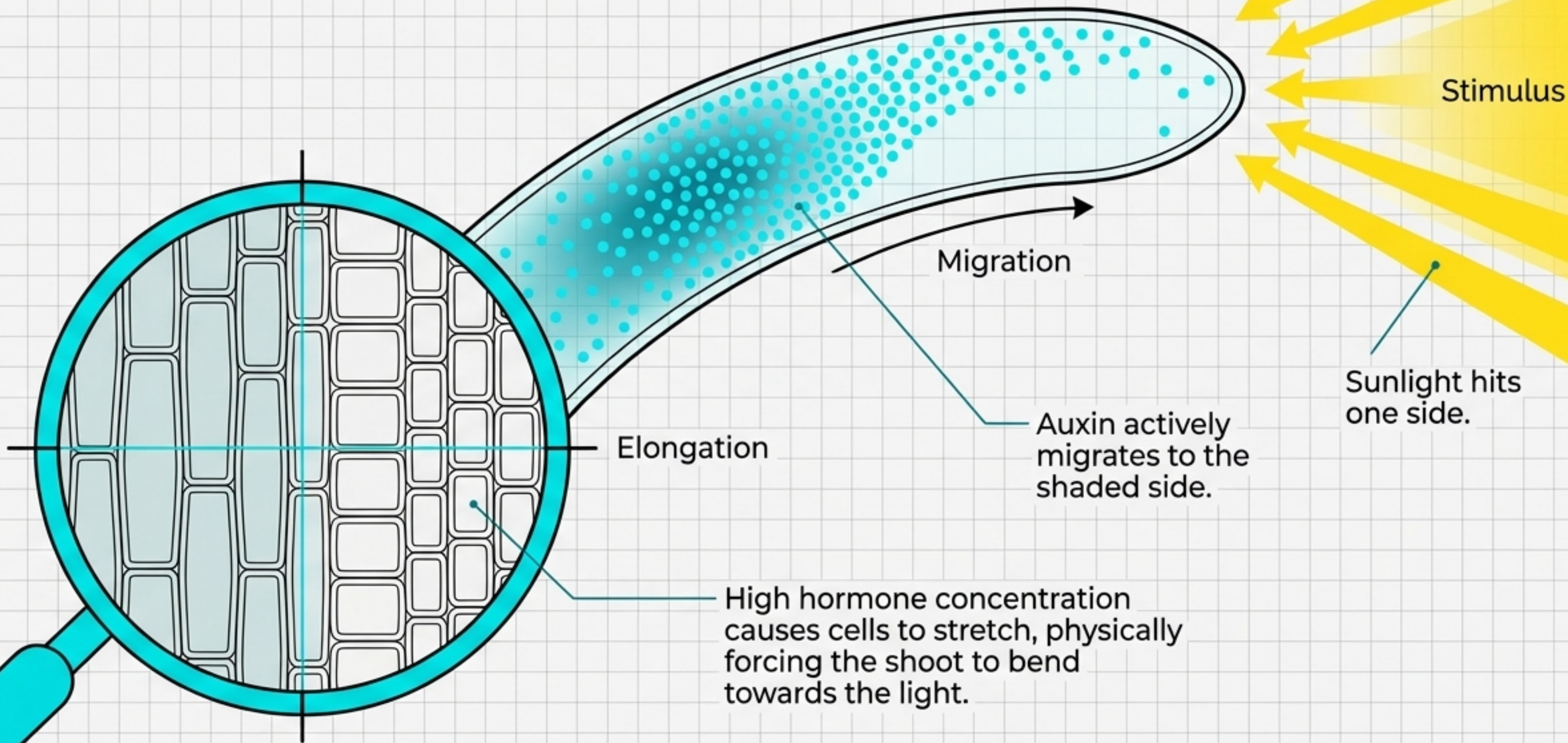
Auxin is the Invisible Messenger



Plants lack nervous systems. Instead, they rely on chemical messengers called plant growth substances.

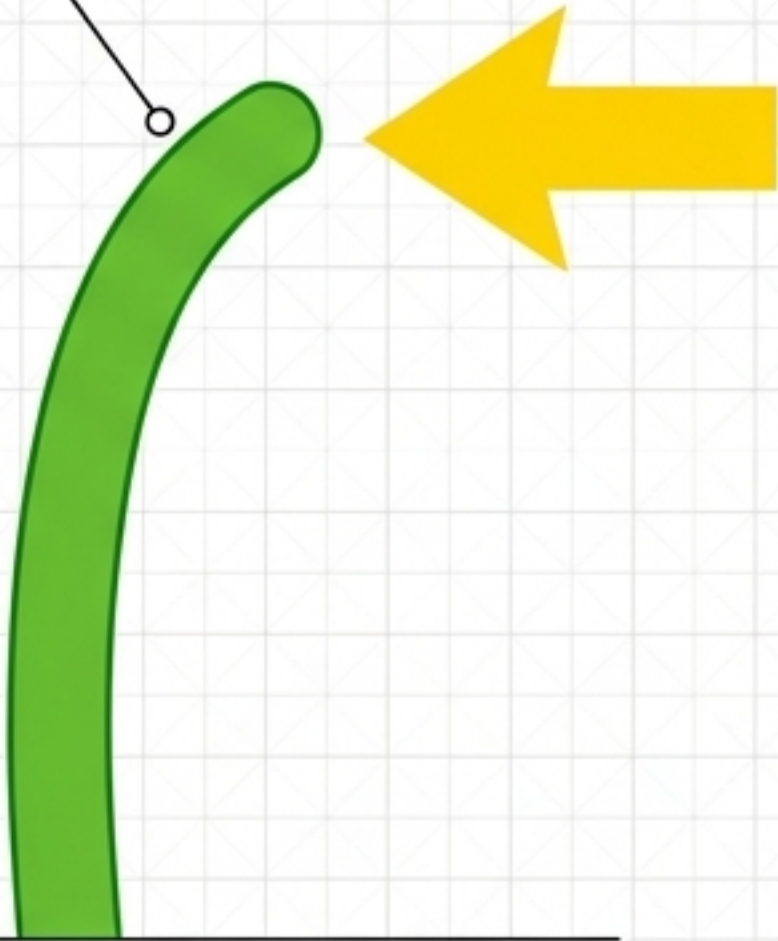
The most important for phototropism is Auxin, produced in the tip of the shoot and diffusing downward to control cellular elongation.

The Mechanics of Directional Bending



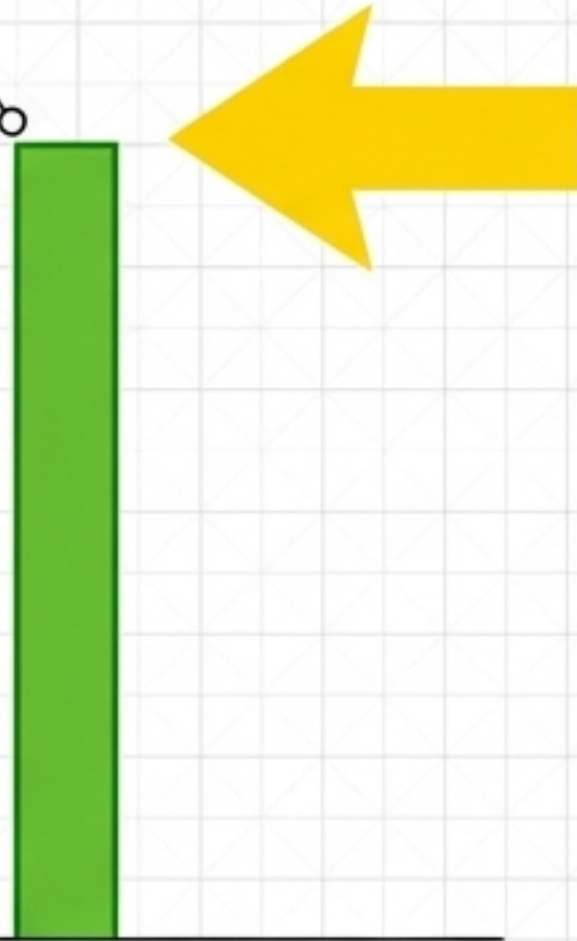
Experiment 1: Locating the Sensor

Control: Intact Coleoptile



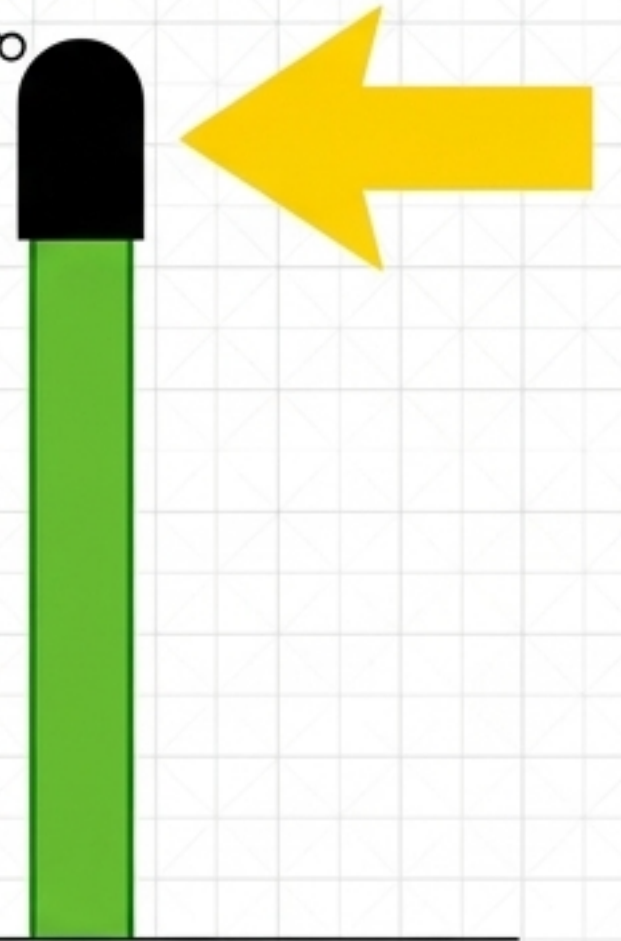
Bends toward light.

Test A: Tip Decapitated



No bending.

Test B: Opaque Cap



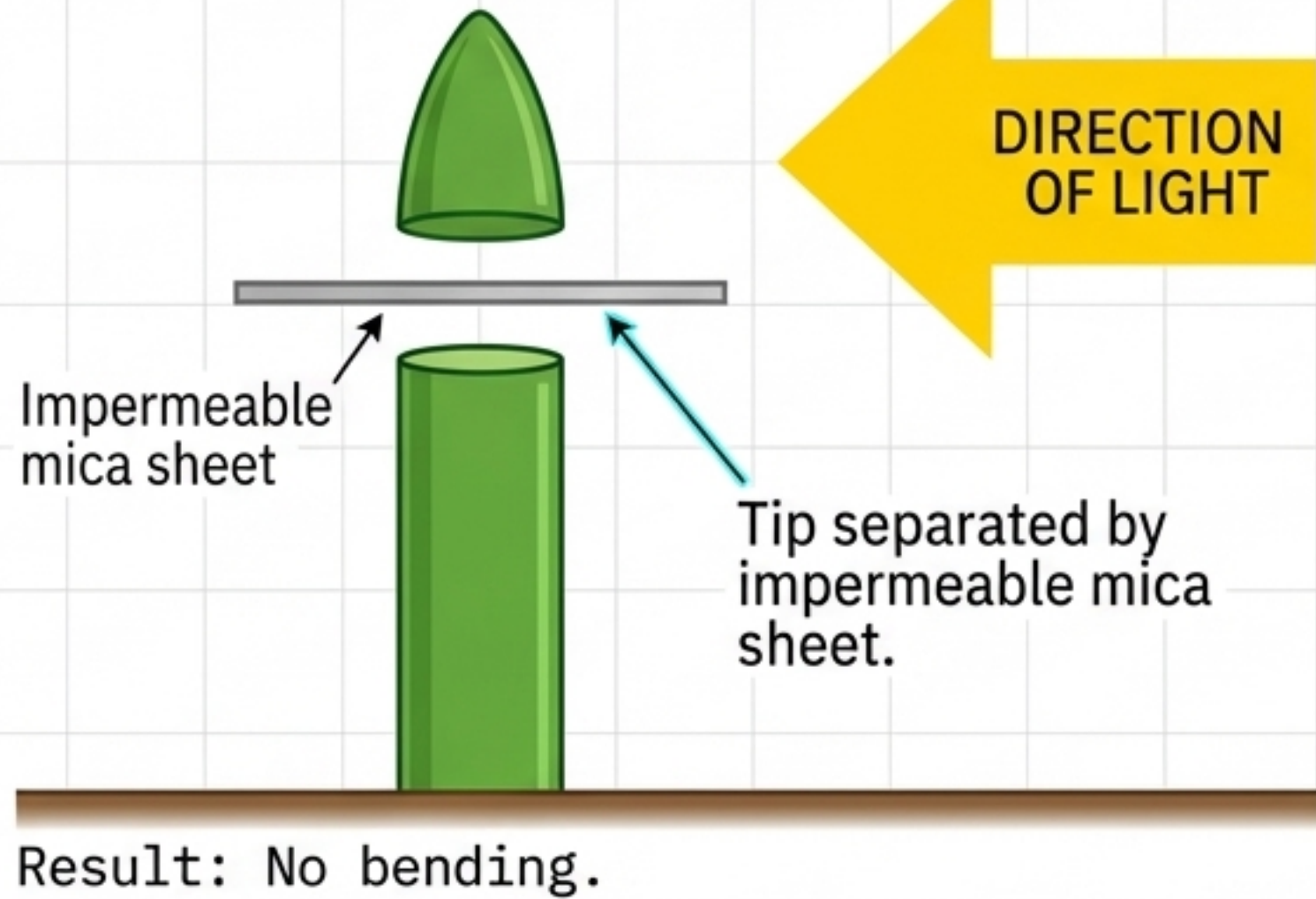
Grows upward, but no bending.

Darwin's Conclusion: The unidirectional light stimulus is detected exclusively at the tip, but the actual bending occurs in a growth zone lower down.

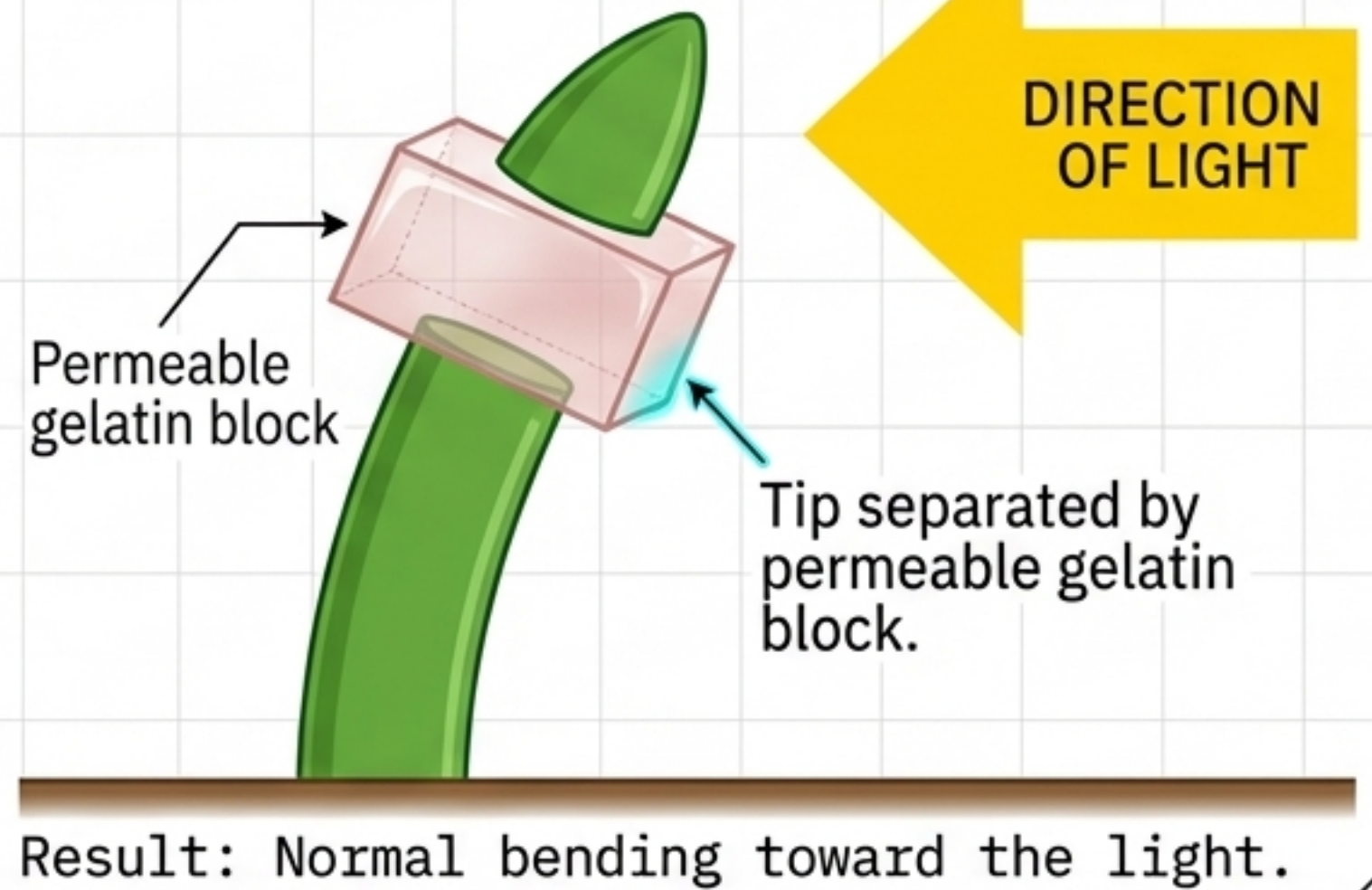
Experiment 2: The Nature of the Signal

Botanical
Blueprint

The Block



The Bridge



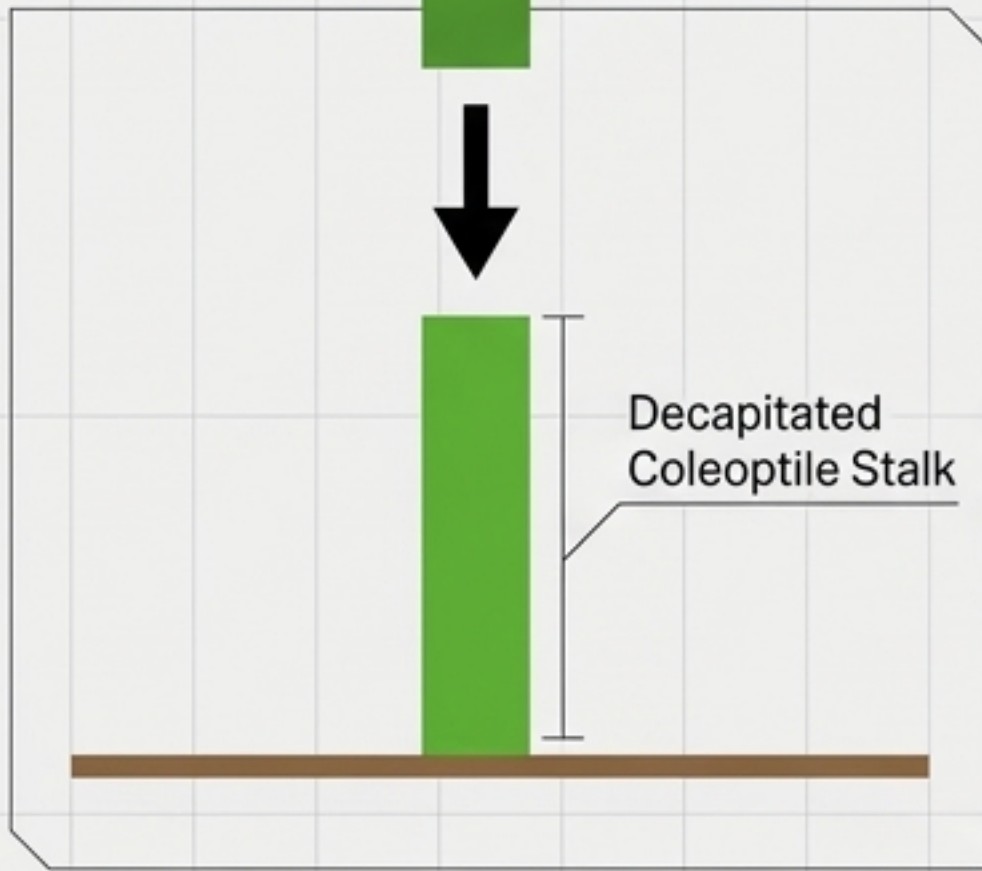
Conclusion: The signal is not electrical. It is a water-soluble chemical that must physically diffuse from the tip down into the shoot.

Experiment 3: Forcing Asymmetry



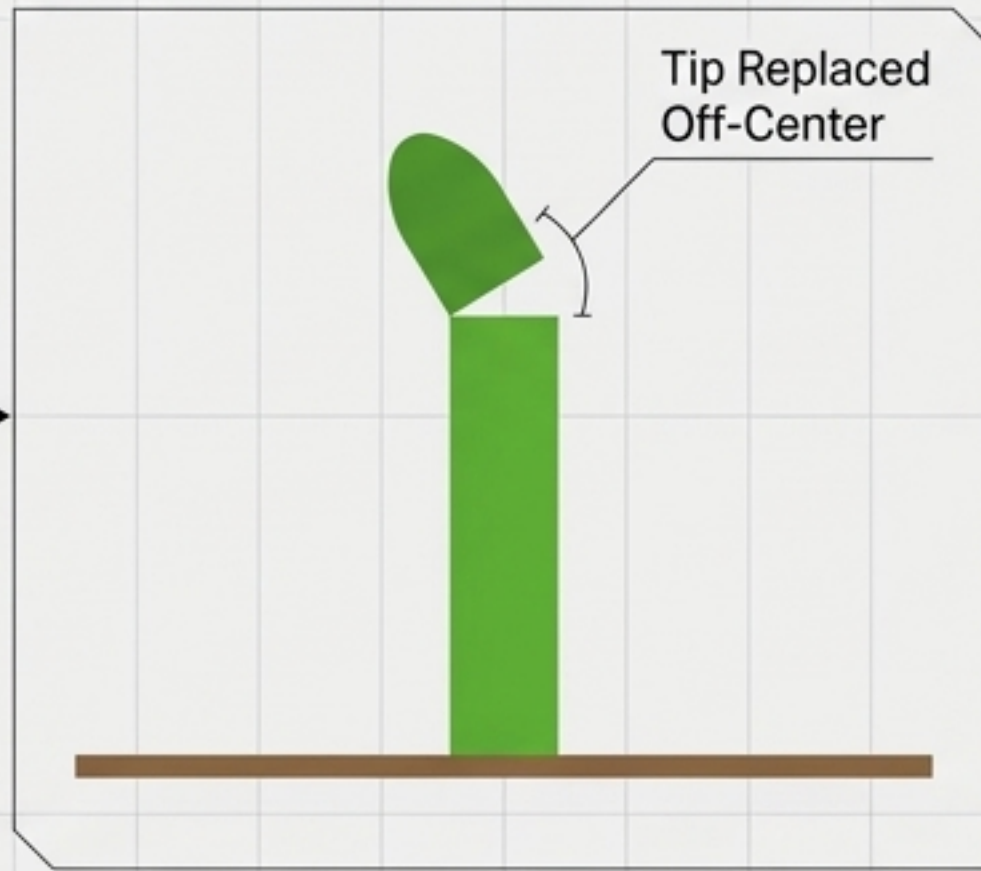
No Light

1



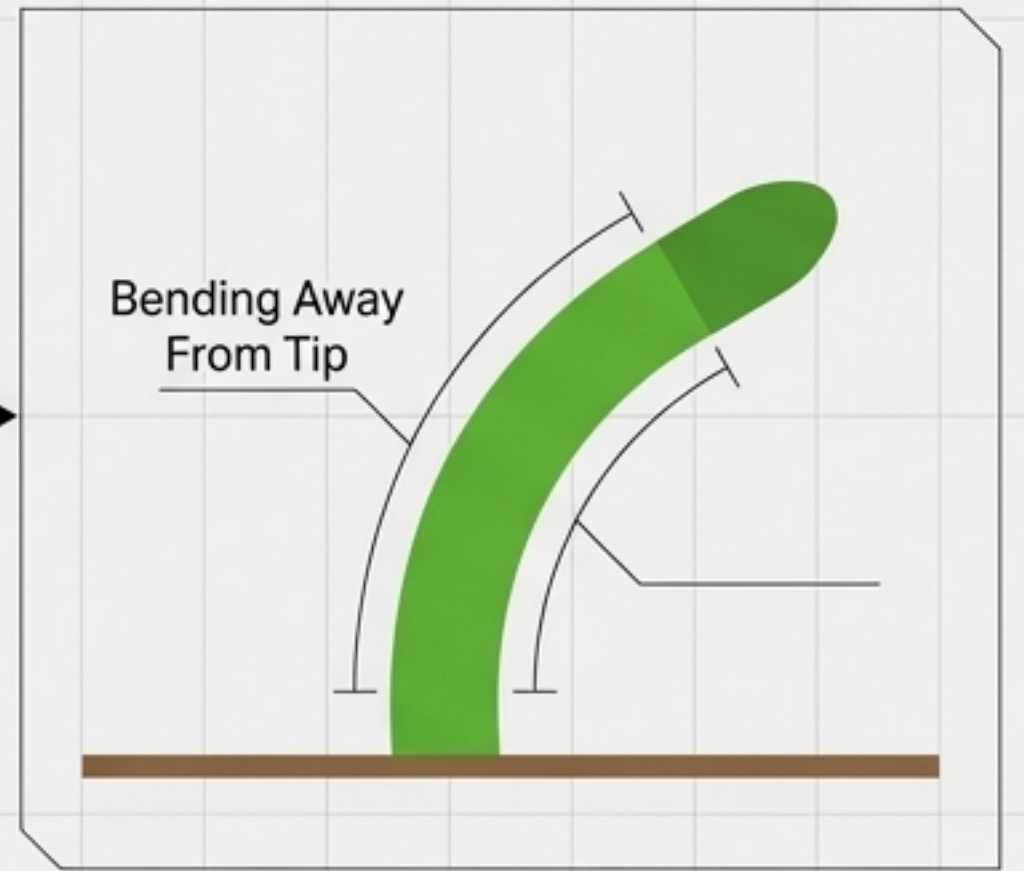
Tip is completely removed.

2



Tip is replaced highly off-center.

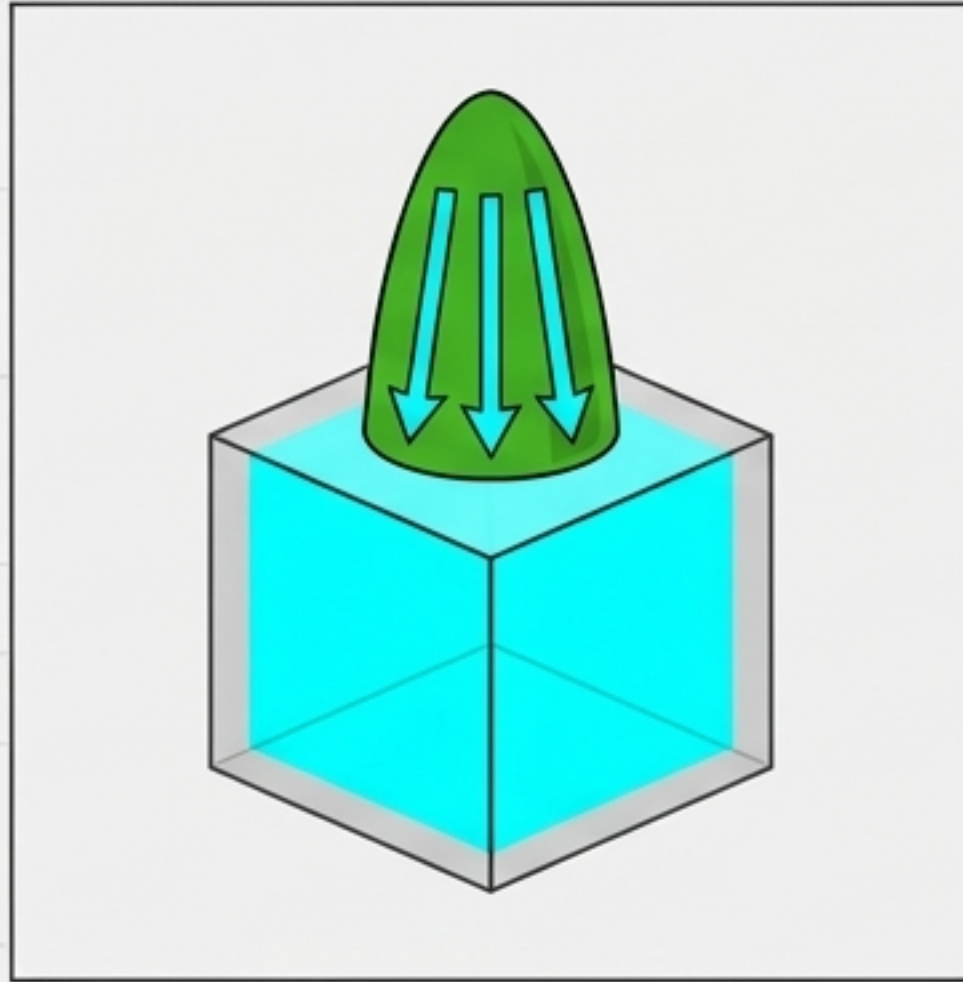
3



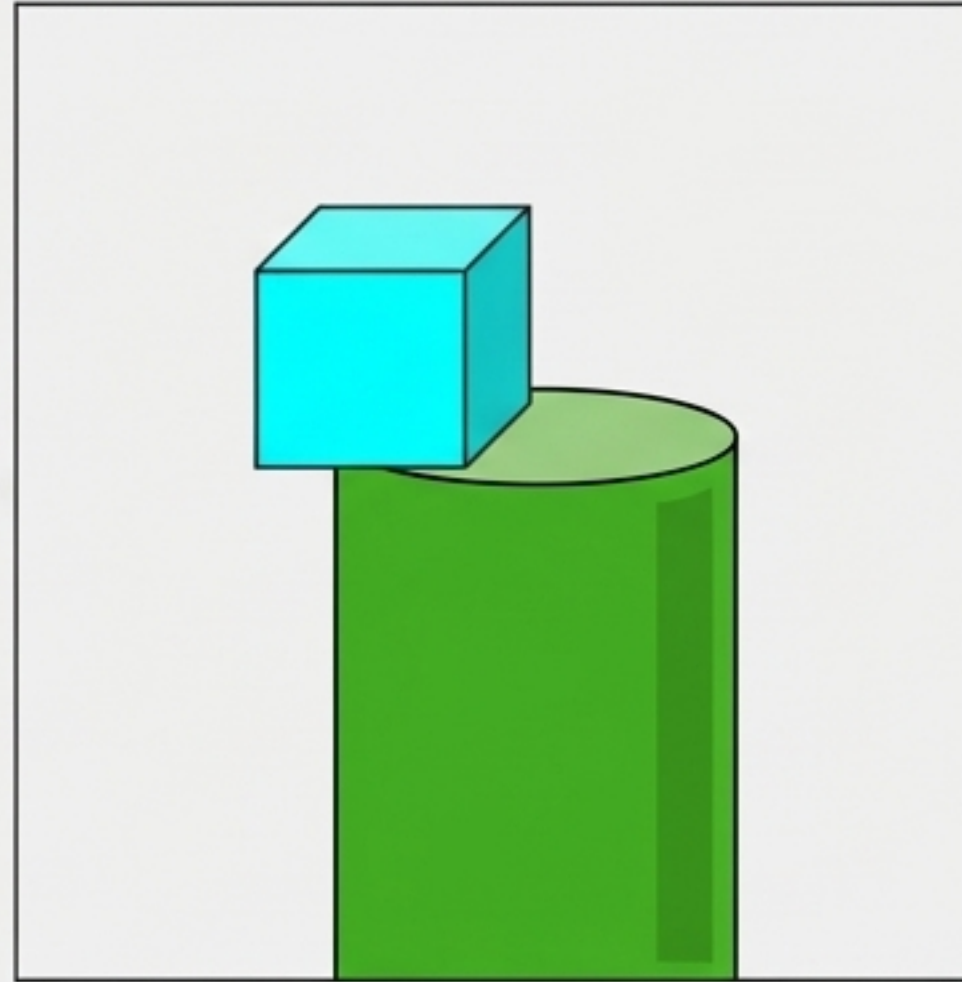
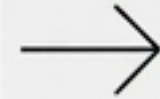
Stalk bends without any light stimulus.

By manually placing the auxin source on one side, researchers forced the cells on that side to elongate, proving bending is caused entirely by chemical concentration, not the light itself.

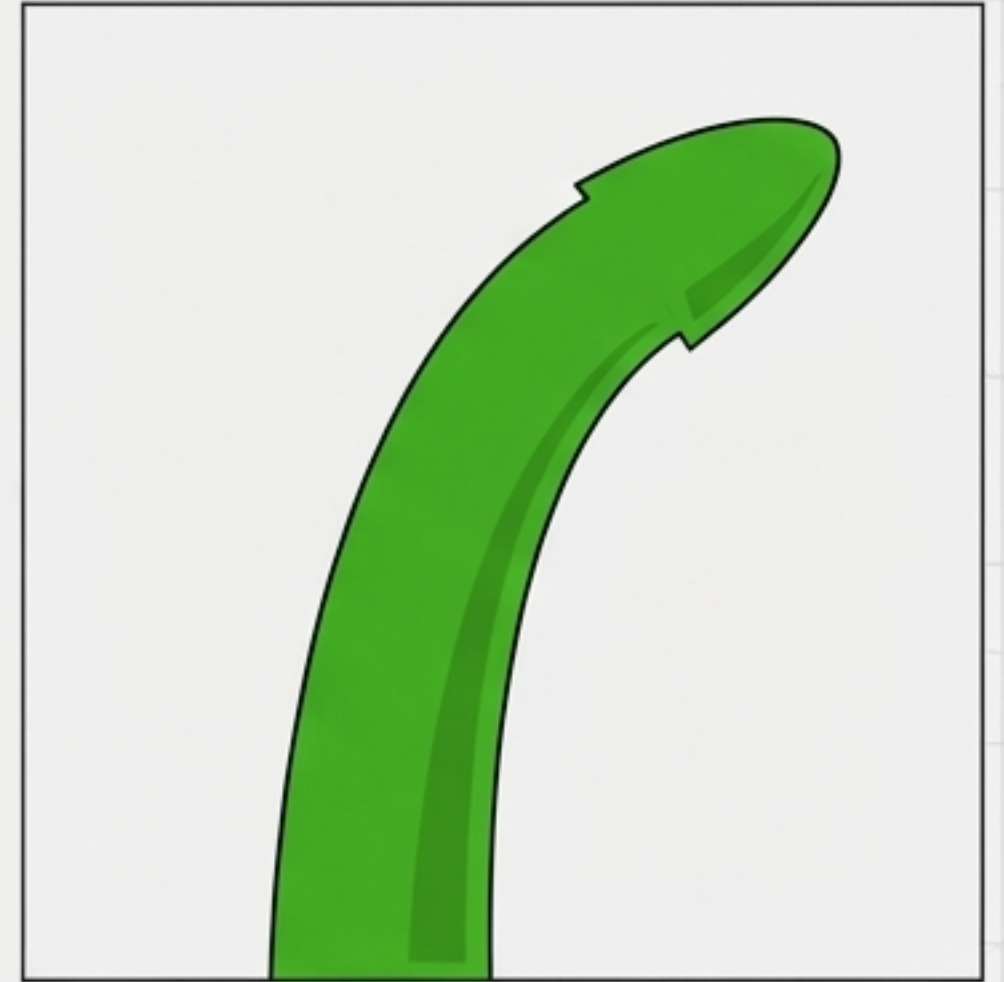
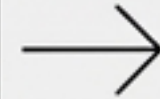
Experiment 4: Capturing the Messenger



1. Tip drains auxin into agar block.



2. Tip discarded. Charged agar block placed off-center.

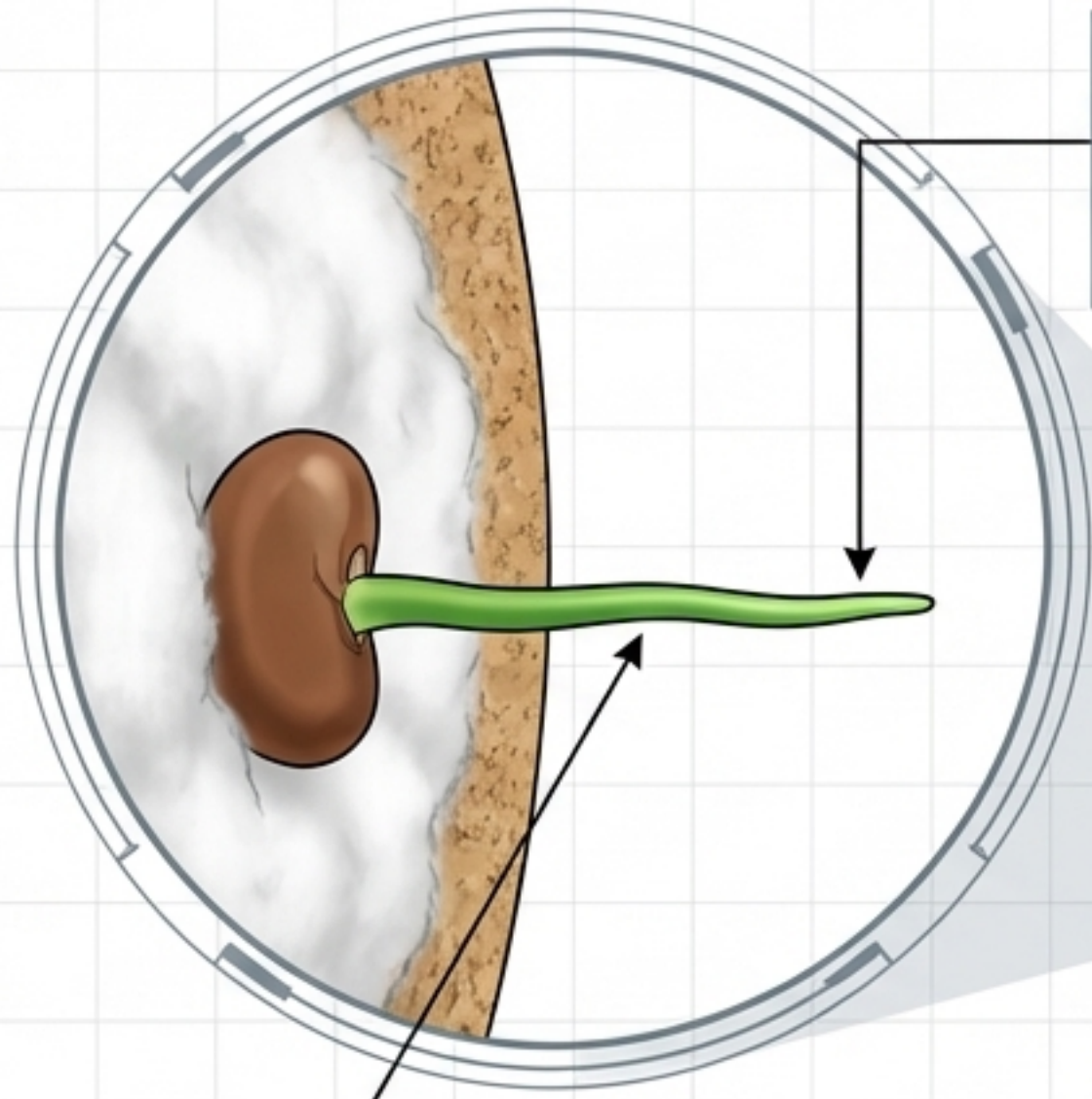


3. Bending occurs in total darkness.

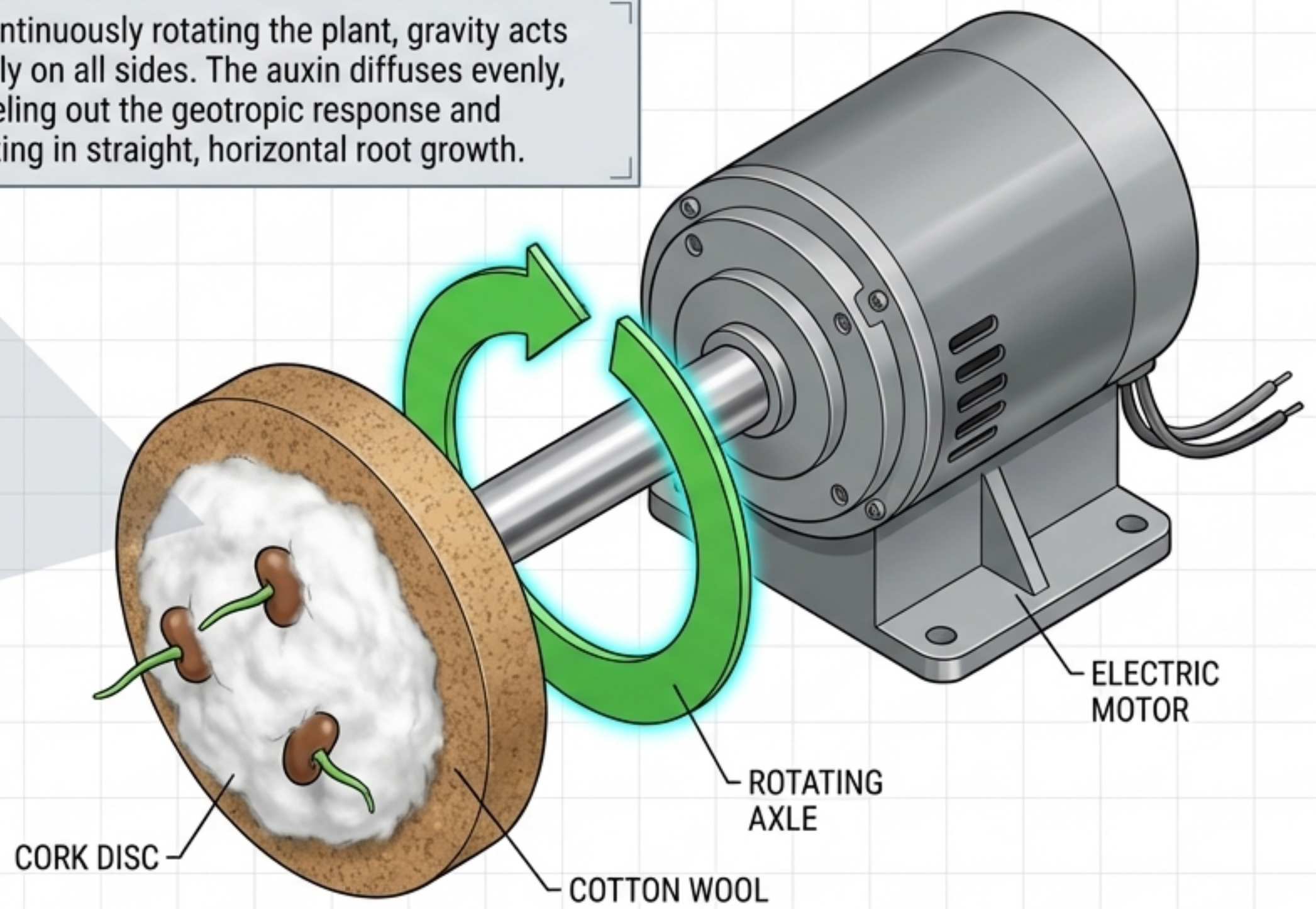
The ultimate proof: The isolated hormone, captured in a synthetic block, is entirely sufficient to trigger the directional growth response.

The Clinostat: Canceling Directional Stimuli

By continuously rotating the plant, gravity acts equally on all sides. The auxin diffuses evenly, canceling out the geotropic response and resulting in straight, horizontal root growth.



RADICLE GROWS STRAIGHT HORIZONTALLY (CANCELS GRAVITY)



ELECTRIC MOTOR

ROTATING AXLE

CORK DISC

COTTON WOOL

The Cycle of Chemical Coordination

